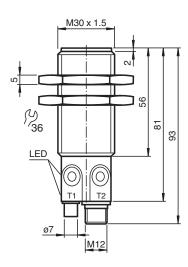


Single head system



Dimensions



Technical Data

General specifications	
Sensing range	90 2000 mm
Adjustment range	120 2000 mm
Dead band	0 90 mm
Standard target plate	100 mm x 100 mm
Transducer frequency	approx. 200 kHz
Response delay	minimum : 65 ms factory setting: 125 ms
Memory	
Non-volatile memory	EEPROM
Write cycles	100000

Refer to "General Notes Relating to Pepperl+Fuchs Product Information"

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Technical Data

Indicators/operating means		
LED green		solid: Power on flashing: Standby mode or IO link communication
LED yellow 1		solid: Object in evaluation range flashing: Learning function, object detected
LED yellow 2		solid: Object in evaluation range flashing: Learning function, object detected
LED red		solid red: Error red, flashing: program function, object not detected
Electrical specifications		
Operating voltage	U _B	10 30 V DC , ripple 10 % _{SS} 15 30 V voltage output
No-load supply current	I ₀	≤ 60 mA
Power consumption	P ₀	≤ 1 W
Time delay before availability	t _v	≤ 120 ms
Interface		
Interface type		IO-Link
Protocol		IO-Link V1.0
Transfer rate		Acyclical: typical 95 Bit/s
Cycle time		min. 33.6 ms
Mode		COM2 (38.4 kBaud)
Process data width		16 bit
SIO mode support		yes
nput/Output		
Input/output type		1 synchronization connection, bidirectional
0 Level		0 1 V
1 Level		4 V U _B
Input impedance		> 12 kΩ
Output rated operating current		< 12 mA
Pulse length		0.5 300 ms (level 1)
Pulse interval		≥ 33 ms (level 0)
Synchronization frequency		
Common mode operation		≤ 30 Hz
Multiplex operation		$\leq 33~Hz$ / n , n = number of sensors , n ≤ 10 (factory setting: n = 5 $)$
Output		
Output type		1 push-pull (4 in 1) output, short-circuit protected, reverse polarity protected Current output 4 mA 20 mA or voltage output 0 V 10 V configurable
Rated operating current	l _e	200 mA , short-circuit/overload protected
Voltage drop	U _d	≤ 2.5 V
Resolution		current output: evaluation range [mm]/3200 but \ge 0.35 mm voltage output: evaluation range [mm]/4000 but \ge 0.35 mm
Deviation of the characteristic curve		\leq 0.2 % of full-scale value
Repeat accuracy		≤ 0.1 % of full-scale value
Switching frequency	f	≤ 4 Hz
Range hysteresis	Н	1 % of the adjusted operating range (default settings), programmable
Load impedance		current output: ≤ 300 Ohm voltage output: ≥ 1000 Ohm
Temperature influence		\leq 1.5 % from full-scale value (with temperature compensation) \leq 0.2 %/K (without temperature compensation)
Compliance with standards and directives		
Standard conformity		
Standards		EN 60947-5-2:2007+A1:2012 IEC 60947-5-2:2007 + A1:2012 EN 60947-5-7:2003 IEC 60947-5-7:2003
Approvals and certificates		

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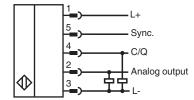
Release date: 2021-05-18 Date of issue: 2021-05-18 Filename: 70137787_eng.pdf

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Technical Data	
UL approval	cULus Listed, General Purpose
CCC approval	CCC approval / marking not required for products rated ≤36 V
Ambient conditions	
Ambient temperature	-25 70 °C (-13 158 °F)
Storage temperature	-40 85 °C (-40 185 °F)
Mechanical specifications	
Connection type	Connector plug M12 x 1 , 5-pin
Degree of protection	IP67
Material	
Housing	Stainless steel 1.4305 / AISI 303 TPU Polyamides
Transducer	epoxy resin/hollow glass sphere mixture; polyurethane foam
Mass	72 g
Factory settings	
Output 1	near switch point: 120mm far switch point: 2000mm Output mode: Window mode output behavior: NO contact
Output 2	near limit: 120 mm far limit: 1000 mm Output mode: rising ramp output behavior: Current output 4 mA 20 mA
Beam width	wide
General information	
Note	nuts, M30 plastic

Connection



Connection Assignment

2
3

Wire colors in accordance with EN 60947-5-2

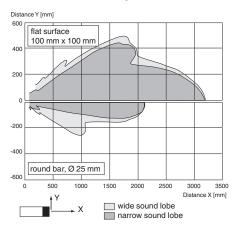
1	BN	(brown)
2	WH	(white)
3	BU	(blue)
4	BK	(black)
5	GY	(gray)

Refer to "General Notes Relating to Pepperl+Fuchs Product Information".

3

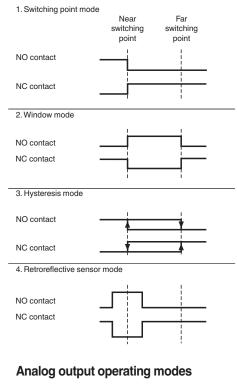
Characteristic Curve

Characteristic response curve

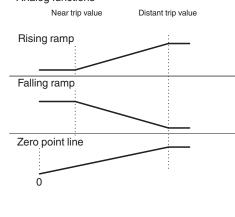


Programming

Switching output operating modes



Analog functions



Refer to "General Notes Relating to Pepperl+Fuchs Product Information"

4

Ultrasonic sensor

Accessories

CALL STREET	IO-Link-Master02-USB	IO-Link master, supply via USB port or separate power supply, LED indicators, M12 plug for sensor connection
	BF 30	Mounting flange, 30 mm
	BF 30-F	Plastic mounting adapter, 30 mm
	BF 5-30	Universal mounting bracket for cylindrical sensors with a diameter of 5 30 mm
	V15-W-2M-PVC	Female cordset single-ended M12 angled A-coded, 5-pin, PVC cable grey
	UVW90-M30	Ultrasonic -deflector
	UVW90-K30	Ultrasonic -deflector
00	M30K-VE	Plastic nuts with centering ring for the vibration-free mounting of cylindrical sensors
	V15-G-2M-PVC	Female cordset single-ended M12 straight A-coded, 5-pin, PVC cable grey

Refer to "General Notes Relating to Pepperl+Fuchs Product Information".

5

Programming

Programming

The sensor is equipped with two outputs. Two switching points or trip values as well as the output mode, can be programmed for each output. The shape of the sensor sound cone can also be programmed. These parameters can be configured using two different methods:

- Using the sensor push buttons
- Using the IO-link interface of the sensor. This method requires an IO-link master (e.g. IO-link master01 USB) and the associated software. The download link is available on the product page for the sensor with the IO link at www.pepperl-fuchs.de

Configuration using the push buttons is described below. To configure the parameters using the sensor IO-link interface, please read the software description. The processes for configuring the switching points and the sensor operating modes run completely independently and do not influence one another.

Note:

- The sensor can only be programmed during the first 5 minutes after switching on. This time is extended during the actual programming process. The option of programming the sensor is revoked if no programming activities take place for 5 minutes. After this, programming is no longer possible until the sensor is switched off and on again.
- The programming activities can be canceled at any time without changing the sensor settings. To do so, press and hold the push button for 10 seconds.

Programming the switching point/trip value of the analog characteristic

Note:

Each push button is assigned to a physical output. The switching output (C/Q) is programmed via push button T1. The analog output is programmed via push button T2.

A flashing red LED during the programming process indicates unreliable object detection. Should this occur, correct the alignment of the object until the yellow LED L1 or L2 flashes. Only then will the settings be transferred to the sensor memory.

Programming the switching points/trip values using the push button

Programming the near switching point/trip value of the analog characteristic

- 1. Position the object at the site of the required near switching point or trip value.
- 2. Press and hold the push button for 2 seconds (yellow LED flashes)
- 3. Briefly press the push button (green LED flashes 3 times as confirmation). The sensor returns to normal mode.

Programming the far switching point/trip value of the analog characteristic

- 1. Position the object at the site of the required far switching point or trip value.
- 2. Press and hold the push button for 2 seconds (yellow LED flashes)
- 3. Press and hold the push button for 2 seconds (green LED flashes 3 times as confirmation). The sensor returns to normal mode.

Programming the operating modes

The sensor features a 3-stage process for programming the sensor operating modes. You can program the following with this process:

- 1. Output mode
- 2. Output behavior of the switching output/analog output
- 3. The shape of the sound cone

These two stages of the process are programmed in succession. To switch from one programming function to the next, press and hold the push button for 2 seconds.

Accessing the programming routine

The operating mode can be programmed separately for each of the two switching outputs. The operating mode of the switching output (C/Q) is programmed via push button T1. The operating mode of the analog output is programmed via push button T2.

To access the programming routine for the sensor operating mode, press the push button for 5 seconds.

Programming the output mode

The green LED is now flashing. The number of flashes indicates the output function currently programmed:

Switching output	Analog output
1x: Switching point mode	1x: rising slope

rx. Ownering point mode	rx. naing slope
2x: Window mode	2x: falling slope

- 3x: Hysteresis mode 3x: zero point line
- 4x: Retroreflective sensor mode
- 1. Briefly press the push button to navigate through the output configurations in succession. Use this method to choose the required output mode.

2. Press and hold the push button for 2 seconds to save the selection and switch to the programming routine for the output behavior.

Programming the output behavior

The vellow LED is now flashing. The number of flashes indicates the output behavior currently programmed:

Switching output	Analog output
1x: NO contact	1x: Current output (4–20
2x: NC contact	2x: Voltage output (0-10

- mA) 2x: Voltage output (0-10 V)
 - 3x: Deactivated: high impedance
- 1. Briefly press the push button to navigate through the output behaviors in succession. Use this method to choose the required output function.
- 2. Press and hold the push button for 2 seconds to save the selection and switch to the programming routine for the sound cone.

Refer to "General Notes Relating to Pepperl+Fuchs Product Information



Ultrasonic sensor

Programming the shape of the sound cone

The red LED is now flashing. The number of flashes indicates the sound cone shape currently programmed:

- 1x: narrow
- 2x: medium
- 3x: wide
- 1. Briefly press the push button to navigate through the different sound cone shapes in succession. Use this method to choose the required sound cone shape.
- 2. Press and hold the push button for 2 seconds to return to normal mode.

Note

The last sound cone shape programmed applies for both outputs in equal measure.

Factory Setting

Resetting the sensor to the factory settings

- The sensor can be reset to the original factory settings.
- 1. Disconnect the sensor from the power supply
- 2. Press and hold one of the push buttons
- 3. Connect the power supply (yellow and red LEDs flash simultaneously for 5 seconds, followed by the yellow and green LEDs flashing simultaneously)
- 4. Release the push button

The sensor will now function with the original factory settings.

Factory settings

See technical data.

Indication

Indicators

The sensor has four LEDs for indicating the status and two buttons for setting parameters.

	LED, green	LED L1, yellow	LED L2, yellow	LED, red
In normal mode				
Error-free operation	On	The output status	The output status	Off
Fault (e.g. compressed air)	Off	retains the last	retains the last	On
		status	status	
When programming the switching points or				
trip values				
Object detected	Off	Flashes	Flashes	Off
No object detected	Off	Off	Off	Flashes
Confirmation, programming successful	Flashes 3x	Off	Off	Off
Warning, programming invalid	Off	Off	Off	Flashes 3x
When programming the operating mode Programming the output mode				
Programming the output behavior	Flashes	Off	Off	Off
Programming the sound cone	Off	Flashes	Flashes	Off
	Off	Off	Off	Flashes
	LE		LED yellow	

Commissioning

Synchronization

The sensor is fitted with a synchronization input that suppresses mutual interference from external ultrasonic signals. If this input is not connected, the sensor operates with internally generated cycle pulses. The sensor can be synchronized by creating external rectangular pulses and by setting the appropriate parameters via the IO-link interface. Each falling pulse edge sends an individual ultrasonic pulse. If the signal at the synchronization input is low for ≥ 1 second, the sensor reverts to the normal, unsynchronized operating mode. This also occurs if the synchronization input is disconnected from external signals (see note below).

If a high signal is applied to the synchronization input for > 1 second, the sensor switches to standby. This is indicated by the green LED. In this operating mode, the last recorded output statuses are retained. Please observe the software description in the event of external synchronization.

Note:

If the option of synchronizing is not used, the synchronization input must be connected to ground (L-) or the sensor must be operated with a V1connection cable (4-pin).

Refer to "General Notes Relating to Pepperl+Fuchs Product Information

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Ultrasonic sensor

UC2000-30GM-IUEP-IO-V15-Y

The option of synchronization is not available during the programming process. During synchronization, the sensor can switch to programming via the IO-link interface. This interrupts the synchronization process and the sensor is no longer synchronized.

The following synchronization modes are available:

- 1. Multiple sensors (see Technical data for the maximum number) can be synchronized by connecting the synchronization inputs on the sensors. In this case, the sensors synchronize themselves in succession in multiplex mode. Only one sensor sends signals at any one time. (See note below)
- 2. Multiple sensors (see Technical data for the maximum number) can be synchronized by connecting the synchronization inputs on the sensors. The sensor interface can be used to parameterize the sensors so that one functions as a master and the others function as slaves. (See interface description) In this case, the sensors in master/slave mode work simultaneously, i.e. in synchronization where the master sensor plays the role of an intelligent external impulse generator.
- 3. Multiple sensors can be controlled collectively by an external signal. In this case, the sensors are triggered in parallel and operate synchronously, i.e. at the same time. All sensors must be parameterized via the sensor interface so that they are set to external. See the software description.
- 4. Several sensors are controlled with a time delay by an external signal. In this case, only one sensor is externally synchronized at any one time (see note below). All sensors must be parameterized via the sensor interface so that they are set to external. See the software description.
- 5. A high signal (L+) or a low signal (L-) at the synchronization input switches the sensor to standby in the case of external parameterization.

Note:

The response time of the sensors increases in proportion to the number of sensors in the synchronization chain. In multiplex mode, the measuring cycles of the individual sensors run in succession in a chronological sequence.

Note:

The synchronization connection of the sensors supplies an output current in the case of a low signal, and generates an input impedance in the case of a high signal. Please note that the synchronizing device must have the following driver properties:

Driver current according to $L+ \ge n^*$ high level signal/input impedance (n = number of sensors to be synchronized)

Driver current according to $L- \ge n^*$ output current (n = number of sensors to be synchronized).

Refer to "General Notes Relating to Pepperl+Fuchs Product Information

